

BioMed Central/SpringerOpen





Background

Landmarks for BioMed Central/SpringerOpen

2000 PubMed Central

2000 BioMed Central launches first articles

2003 PLoS

2004 Springer Open Choice (1st "traditional publisher" to move)

2004 Hindawi

2006 PLoS One

2007 NIH Mandate

2008 - BioMed Central acquired by Springer

2009 Chinese Academy of Science OA action

2010 SpringerOpen

2012 UK - Finch Report and £10m funding announcement

2013 UK – RCUK policy takes effect

2013 USA- FASTR Act – covers all agencies





Open access publishing

Different business model.....

- no subscription barriers
- universal access
- research is openly licensed to allow reuse



Same quality and standards

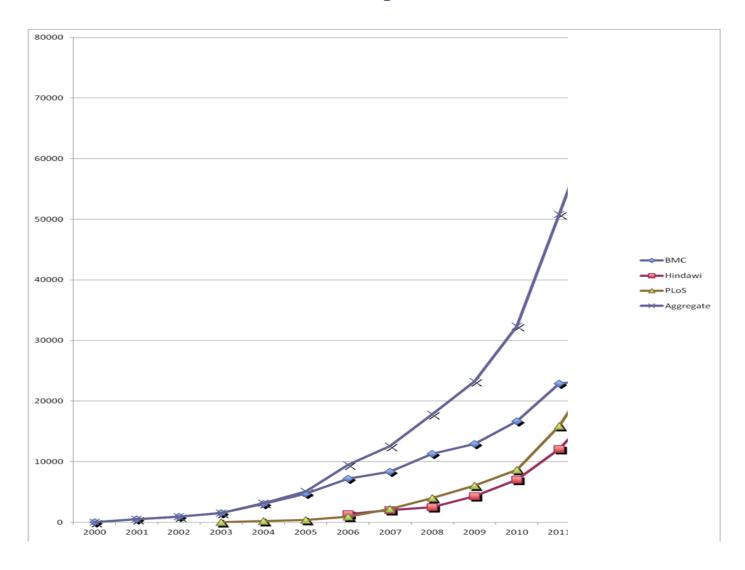
- Editors in chief
- Editorial boards
- Peer review
- Indexing







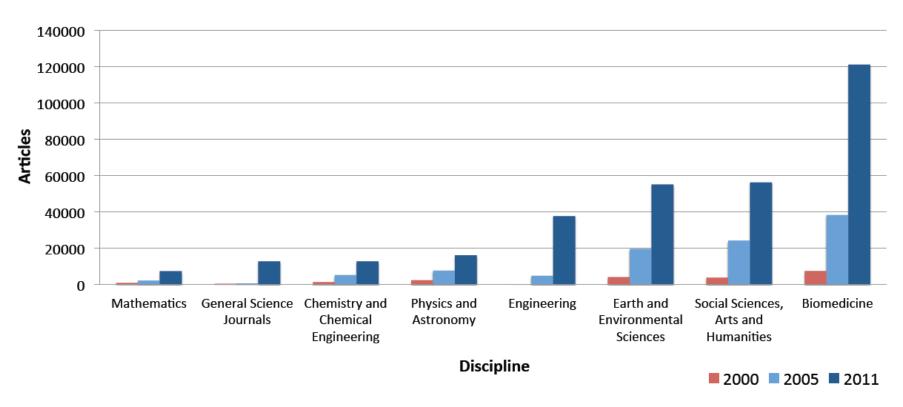
Growth in Open Access







Across all subject areas

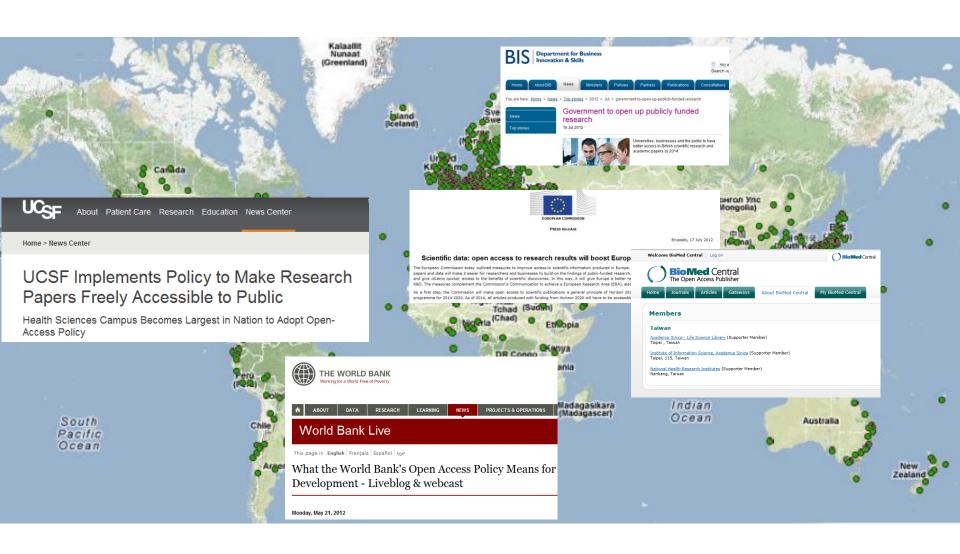


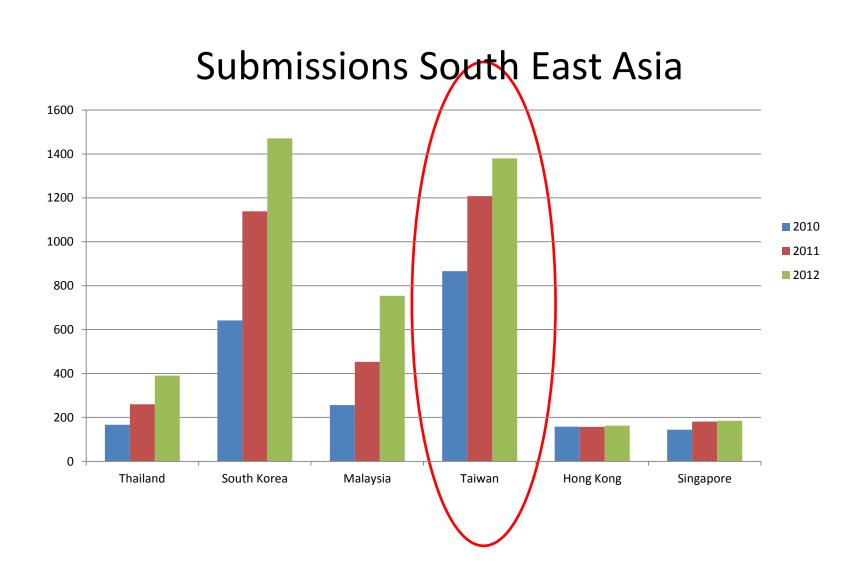
Anatomy of open access publishing: a study of longitudinal development and internal structure, Mikael Laakso and Bo-Christer Björk, *BMC Medicine*, 2012, 10: 124



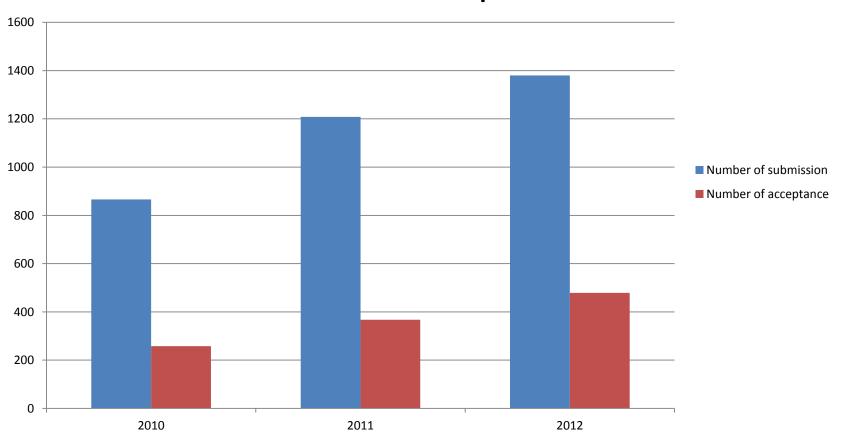


And across the world





Submissions vs Acceptances Taiwan







Open Access Today

- Total 482 mandates in 47 countries
 - 202 institutional mandates
 - 80 funder mandates
- 3,375 repositories in 101 countries
- 8,678 Open Access journals in 121 countries
 - 974 journals with Impact Factor
 - Include non-English journals
 - 980,835 Open Access articles
 - (health warning: varying standards of publishing!)

(source ROARMAP, ROAR & DOAJ at March 1, 2013)





Key Mandates Worldwide

 USA – NIH now FASTR introduced on February 13, 2013

(Fair Access to Science & Technology Research – successor of FRPAA)

- UK RCUK & Conservative Government policy
- EU Horizon 2020 (2014-2020)

482 mandates in 47 countries







BLOG

PHOTOS & VIDEO

BRIEFING ROOM

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Expanding Public Access to the Results of Federally Subscribe Funded Research

Posted by Michael Stebbins on February 22, 2013 at 12:04 PM EST



The Obama Administration is committed to the proposition that citizens deserve easy access to the results of scientific research their tax dollars have paid for. That's why, in a policy memorandum released today, OSTP Director John Holdren has directed Federal agencies with more than \$100M in R&D expenditures to develop plans to make the published results of federally funded research freely available to the public within one year of publication and requiring researchers to better account for and manage the digital data resulting from federally funded scientific research. OSTP has been looking into this issue for some time, soliciting broad public input on multiple occasions and convening an interagency working group to develop a policy. The final policy reflects substantial inputs from scientists and scientific organizations, publishers, members of Congress, and other members of the public—over 65 thousand of whom recently signed a We the People petition asking for expanded public access to the results of taxpayer-funded research.

To see the new policy memorandum, please

visit: http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/microsites/ostp/ostp_public_access_memo_2013.pdf

To see Dr. Holdren's response to the We the People petition, please visit: https://petitions.whitehouse.gov/response/increasing-public-access-results-scientific-research GIVE FEEDBACK ABOUT THIS PAGE





The White House Blog





RCUK new Open Access Policy

The new policy, which will apply to all qualifying publications being submitted for publication from 1 April 2013, states that peer reviewed research papers which result from research that is **wholly** or **partially funded** by the Research Councils:

- must be published in journals which are compliant with Research Council policy on Open Access, and;
- must include **details of the funding** that supported the research, and a statement on how the underlying research materials such as **data**, **samples or models** can be accessed.
- Criteria which journals must fulfill to be compliant:
 - offering a "pay to publish" option or allowing deposit in a subject or institutional repository after a mandated maximum embargo period.
 - the policy mandates use of the Creative Commons 'Attribution' license (CC-BY), when an
 Article Processing Charge (APC) is levied. The CC-BY licence allows others to modify, build upon
 and/or distribute the licensed work (including for commercial purposes) as long as the original
 author is credited.







Horizon 2020

The EU Framework
Programme for
Research and Innovation

2014-2020









PRESS RELEASE

Brussels, 17 July 2012

scie "Data is the new oil"

on capacity

The European Commission today outlined measures to improve access to scientific information produced in Europe. Broader and more rapid access to scientific papers and data will make it easier for researchers and businesses to build on the findings of public-funded research. This will boost Europe's innovation capacity and give citizens quicker access to the benefits of scientific discoveries. In this way, it will give Europe a better return on its €87 billion annual investment in R&D. The measures complement the Commission's Communication to achieve a European Research Area (ERA), also adopted today.

As a first step, the Commission will make open access to scientific publications a general principle of Horizon 2020, the EU's Research & Innovation funding programme for 2014-2020. As of 2014, all articles produced with funding from Horizon 2020 will have to be accessible:

- articles will either immediately be made accessible online by the publisher ('Gold' open access) up-front publication costs can be eligible for reimbursement by the European Commission; or
- researchers will make their articles available through an open access repository no later than six months (12 months for articles in the fields of social sciences and humanities) after publication ('Green' open access).

The Commission has also recommended that Member States take a similar approach to the results of research funded under their own domestic programmes. The goal is for 60% of European publicly-funded research articles to be available under open access by 2016.

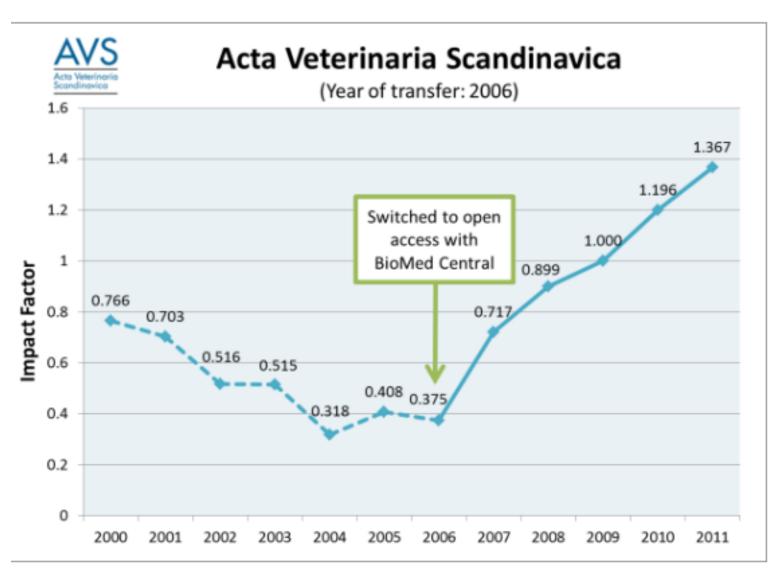
The Commission will also start experimenting with open access to the data collected during publicly funded research (e.g. the numerical results of experiments), taking into account legitimate concerns related to the fundee's commercial interests or to privacy.

84 % of respondents to a 2011 <u>public consultation</u> said that access to scientific literature is not optimal. Studies show that without speedy access to up-to-date scientific literature, it takes small and medium-sized enterprises up to two years longer to bring innovative products to the market. An <u>EU-funded study</u> showed that currently only 25% of researchers share their data openly.

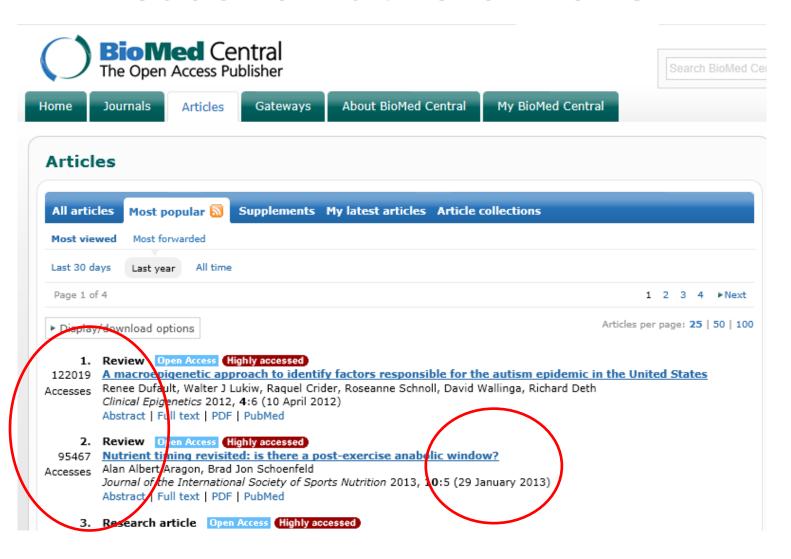




Reasons Journals Move to OA



Reasons Authors move...







The role of librarians

- Advocacy
 - Open Access got off the ground due to librarians and active researchers
 - Dispel the myths and promote the positives
 - Open Access is good for your researchers
- Information literacy is vital in an OA world
 - Overload of information
 - Predatory publishers





A librarian's toolkit.

- Research undertaken by Emery et al and presented at the April 2013 ACRL meeting
- Identifying essential actions to keep librarians
 relevant in an OA world





Librarian Strategy Highlights

- Talk about [..] OA in your meetings with faculty
- Identify stakeholders in the library
- Identify stakeholders at your institution
- Build essential partnerships
- Become familiar with the standards and promote these to your faculty (ORCID, FundRef, COPE)
- You become the indispensible experts and push the information to them
- We can help!





Next up - Andrew Waller

- BioMed Central's first individual winner of the Open Access Advocacy Award
- A pioneer in Open Access in North America

Brings his expertise on open access, librarianship and how

it works together



Thank you!

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